

ENGLISH 151A
Sentences: Part 4 (Sentence Types)

On the line write whether each sentence is simple (S), compound (C), or complex (CX).

1. _____ Because people from various places want to communicate, there has long been a desire for a universal language.
2. _____ Esperanto is a universal language that has been invented.
3. _____ Esperanto was invented by Ludwig Zamenhof, who was a Polish doctor.
4. _____ Zamenhof presented his language to the public in 1887.
5. _____ People in his town spoke four different native languages, and they could not understand one another.
6. _____ They sometimes quarreled, since they could not understand each other.
7. _____ Zamenhof took words from many other languages and put them together.
8. _____ The rules of Esperanto were simple so that people could learn them easily.
9. _____ The words are spelled as they are pronounced.
10. _____ Zamenhof wanted his new language to benefit all of humanity.
11. _____ Esperanto, whose name comes from the Latin word for *hope*, is still used.
12. _____ Esperanto hasn't become a universal language, but it has many speakers.
13. _____ People in 80 countries speak Esperanto.
14. _____ There are more than 100,000 speakers of Esperanto, and, according to some people, there may be up 2 million.